

AP Calculus BC

$$1) \sum \frac{3^k}{k!} = S$$

$$\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{3^{k+1}}{(k+1)!} \cdot \frac{k!}{3^k} \right|$$

$$\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{3}{k+1} \right| = 0 < 1$$

S converges by Ratio Test

$$3) \sum \frac{k!}{k^3} = S$$

$$\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{(k+1)!}{(k+1)^3} \cdot \frac{k^3}{k!} \right|$$

$$\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{k+1}{(k+1)^3} \cdot k^3 \right|$$

$$\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{k^3}{(k+1)^2} \right| = \infty$$

S diverges by Ratio Test

$$5) \sum \frac{k}{5^k} = S$$

$$\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[k]{\frac{k}{5^k}} = \frac{1}{5} < 1$$

S converges by Root Test

$$7) \sum \frac{7^k}{k!} = S$$

$$\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{7^{k+1}}{(k+1)!} \cdot \frac{k!}{7^k} \right|$$

$$\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \frac{7}{k+1} = 0 < 1$$

S converges by Ratio Test

$$9) \sum k^{50} e^{-k} = \sum \frac{k^{50}}{e^k} = S$$

$$\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[k]{\frac{k^{50}}{e^k}}$$

$$\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\left(\sqrt[k]{k}\right)^{50}}{\sqrt[k]{e^k}} = \frac{1}{e} < 1$$

S converges by Root Test

WS 81 - Ratio & Root Test

$$2) \sum \frac{4^k}{k^2} = S$$

$$\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{4^{k+1}}{(k+1)^2} \cdot \frac{k^2}{4^k} \right|$$

$$\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{4k^2}{(k+1)^2} \right| = 4 > 1$$

(* Also n^{th} term test)

S diverges by Ratio Test

$$4) \sum \left(\frac{4n-5}{2n+1} \right)^n = S$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[n]{\left(\frac{4n-5}{2n+1} \right)^n}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{4n-5}{2n+1} \right) = 2 > 1$$

S diverges by Root

$$6) \sum \frac{2^k}{k^3} = S$$

$$\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2^k}{k^3} = \infty$$

S diverges by n^{th} term test

$$8) \sum \frac{k^2}{5^k} = S$$

$$\lim_{k \rightarrow \infty} \sqrt[k]{\frac{k^2}{5^k}} = \frac{1}{5} < 1$$

S converges by Root Test

$$10) \sum \frac{\cos n\pi}{\sqrt{n}} = S$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{n} \quad \sum \frac{1}{n} \text{ diverges by p-series}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[\frac{\cos n\pi}{\sqrt{n}} \cdot n \right] = \infty$$

S diverges by LCT

$$11) \sum \frac{1}{2\sqrt{n} + 3\sqrt[3]{n}} = S$$

$b_n = \frac{1}{n}$ $\sum \frac{1}{n}$ diverges by p-series

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[\frac{1}{2\sqrt{n} + 3\sqrt[3]{n}} \cdot n \right] = \infty$$

S diverges by LCT

$$12) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(\ln n)^3}{n^3} = S$$

$b_n = \frac{1}{n^2}$ $\sum \frac{1}{n^2}$ converges by p-series

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[\frac{(\ln n)^3}{n^3} \cdot n^2 \right]$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[\frac{(\ln n)^3}{n} \right] = 0$$

S converges by LCT

$$13) \sum_{n=3}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\ln(\ln n)} = S$$

$b_n = \frac{1}{n}$ $\sum \frac{1}{n}$ diverges by p-series

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[\frac{1}{\ln(\ln n)} \cdot n \right] = \infty$$

S diverges by LCT

$$14) \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(\ln n)^3}{n^{3/2}} = S$$

$b_n = \frac{1}{n^{5/4}}$ $\sum \frac{1}{n^{5/4}}$ converges by p-series

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{(\ln n)^3}{n^{3/2}} : n^{5/4} \right|$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left| \frac{(\ln n)^3}{n^{1/4}} \right| = 0$$

S converges by LCT